# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

) (LEAD CASE) M3POWER RAZOR SYSTEM ) MARKETING & SALES PRACTICES ) MDL Docket No. 1704	In re:	) CIVIL ACTION NO. 05-11177-DPW
,		) (LEAD CASE)
MARKETING & SALES PRACTICES ) MDL Docket No. 1704	M3POWER RAZOR SYSTEM	)
	MARKETING & SALES PRACTICES	) MDL Docket No. 1704
LITIGATION )	LITIGATION	)
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THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO: )	THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:	)
ALL CASES	ALL CASES	)
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# MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING DISCLOSURE OF ANY FEE ARRANGEMENTS

Plaintiff Carlos Corrales ("Plaintiff") hereby moves this Court for an order compelling disclosure of any fee arrangements and discussions of fee arrangements between Liaison Counsel and any other firm(s) in this matter.

#### **REQUEST FOR ORAL ARGUMENT**

Pursuant to LR 7.1(d), Plaintiff, believing that oral argument may assist the Court and wishing to be heard, requests oral argument on this motion. Plaintiff respectfully proposes that a hearing and oral argument on this motion take place on **July 7, 2006** at **2:30 p.m.** (the date set by the Court for oral argument on the other pending motions in this case).

#### **MEMORANDUM OF REASONS**

#### I. **INTRODUCTION**

It is unlawful under California law for class counsel and liaison counsel to have an agreement regarding the division of attorneys' fees.

Liaison Counsel has been asked in writing several times to disclose whether he has any such agreement with either Co-Lead Class Counsel and/or any other attorneys or law firms in this matter. Liaison Counsel, however, has refused to represent that he has no such agreement.<sup>1</sup>

This motion therefore seeks to compel Liaison Counsel to disclose, either on the record before this Court or in a document filed with the Court, whether he has had any such agreement or discussions. If he has, this is a violation of California law.

If there are no such agreements, a short letter from Mr. Shapiro so stating would have ended the matter, which leads Plaintiff to believe that such an agreement exists and there is some reason that Liaison Counsel does not want to disclose them.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On May 23, 2006, Plaintiff's counsel wrote to Liaison Counsel stating: "This will confirm that you have refused to disclose to us any financial arrangements regarding fees you have with lead counsel, including any discussions you have had with them regarding fee splitting. We will proceed accordingly." [Letter from Taras Kick to Thomas Shapiro dated May 23, 2006; a true and correct copy of which is attached to the Certification of Taras Kick as Exhibit A.] This letter followed Plaintiff's original letter sent on May 18, 2006 to Liaison Counsel requesting that any such fee agreement be disclosed [Letter from Mr. Kick to Mr. Shapiro dated May 18, 2006; a true and correct copy of which is attached to the Certification of Taras Kick as Exhibit B] and Liaison Counsel's letter sent on May 23, 2006, accusing Plaintiff's counsel of a "letter writing campaign" but failing to answer the question about fee agreements. [Letter from Mr. Shapiro to Mr. Kick dated May 23, 2006; a true and correct copy of which is attached to the Certification of Taras Kick as Exhibit C).

#### II. CALIFORNIA LAW PROHIBITS UNDISCLOSED FEE SHARING AGREEMENTS.

Given that Liaison Counsel purports to represent members of a putative nationwide class including residents of the Sate of California, California law governing undisclosed fee sharing agreements governs this issue vis-a-vis the representation of the residents of the State of California.

Under California law, an undisclosed fee sharing agreement by counsel in a class action is unlawful.

Specifically, California Rule of Professional Conduct 2-200(A), regulating both referral fee arrangements and fee sharing agreements in which the client's work is divided between attorneys, provides in pertinent part as follows:

- "(A) A member shall not divide a fee for legal services with a lawyer who is not a partner of, associate of, or shareholder with the member unless:
  - (1) The client has consented in writing thereto after a full disclosure has been made in writing that a division of fees will be made and the terms of such division; and
  - (2) The total fee charged by all lawyers is not increased solely by reason of the provision for division of fees and is not unconscionable as that term is defined in rule 4-200."

This was explained in the context of class actions in California in Rebney v. Wells Fargo Bank, 220 Cal. App. 3d 1117, 1144 (Cal. App. 1990), in which the California Court of Appeal held that a fee sharing agreement between counsel in a class action *must be disclosed* 

*immediately* to the court and that the disclosure must also be made to class members so that they have the ability to comment and object. Failure to order such disclosure would be error. The California Court of Appeal specifically explained as follows:

"The [a]ppellants also claim the court erred in denying disclosure of the agreements. This claim has merit. `(C)ounsel must inform the court of the existence of a fee sharing agreement at the time it is formulated.' [In re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation, 818 F.2d 216, 226 (2d Cir. 1987).] While apparently not done here at the earliest possible time, the court was apprised of the agreement well in advance of settlement approval. But the class must be able to share in that disclosure so that an opportunity is afforded for comment and objection.' (In re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation (E.D.N.Y. 1985) 611 F.Supp. 1452, 1463, rev'd on other grounds and approved on this point in In re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation, supra, 818 F.2d at p. 226.) If, as here, counsel claim the need to protect their privacy, the court can do so by issuing a protective order that precludes disclosure to third parties – which appellants expressly proposed here. The in camera review procedure deprived appellants of an adequate opportunity to argue the substantive issue." Id. at 1143-44.

Finally, and very recently in California, referencing the specific California Rule of Professional Conduct, in Chambers v. Kay, 29 Cal.4th 142, 148-149 (Cal. 2002), the Court explained the purpose of the rule is to protect the public and promote respect for and confidence in the legal profession. A fee sharing agreement violating Rule 2-200(A) is void and unenforceable under California law on public policy grounds. Chambers, 29 Cal.4th at 156- $161.^{2}$ 

## III. MASSACHUSETTS LAW PROHIBITS UNDISCLOSED FEE SHARING AGREEMENTS.

Although the consumer protection acts of California and Massachusetts differ in important respects, with those of California providing much stronger rights to consumers than that of Massachusetts, the rules of professional conduct of both States are largely consistent with respect to undisclosed fee sharing agreements.

Therefore, liaison counsel's refusal to disclose any such fee sharing agreement in this case cannot be blamed on ignorance of California law, because Massachusetts law is the same.

Specifically, under Massachusetts law, a fee sharing agreement not disclosed to clients (in this case the putative class members, including Plaintiff, and the Court acting as their guardian) is prohibited. For example, Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court Rule 3:07, Rule of Professional Conduct 1.5 (e) provides that:

"A division of fees between lawyers who are not in the same firm may be made only if, after informing the client that a division of fees will be made, the client consents to the joint participation, and the total fee is reasonable."

5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation, 818 F.2d 216, 222 (2d Cir. 1987) (in fulfilling their role as protector of class members, "courts should look to various codes of ethics as guidelines for judging the conduct of counsel").

## IV. FEDERAL LAW ALSO PROHIBITS UNDISCLOSED FEE SHARING AGREEMENTS.

Not only are undisclosed fee agreements unlawful under both California law and Massachusetts law, they are also unlawful under federal law.

Under federal law, fee agreements in class actions *must* be disclosed to the Court *immediately* upon its formulation:

"We do agree with the District Court's ruling that in all future class actions *counsel must* inform the court of the existence of a fee sharing agreement at the moment it is formulated. This holding may well diminish many of the dangers to the rights of the class. Only by reviewing the agreement *prospectively*, will the district courts be able to prevent potential conflicts, either by disapproving improper agreements, or by reshaping them with the assistance of counsel . . ."

In re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation, 818 F.2d 216, 226 (2d Cir. 1987) (emphasis added).

Such fee agreements create danger to the rights of the class because they create potential or actual conflicts of interest and endanger adequate representation of the class by decreasing the incentive for class counsel to perform work on behalf of the class. Id. at 224-25.

#### V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Court should order that Liaison Counsel disclose any fee sharing agreement between him and any other attorney(s) and/or law firm(s) in this matter, including whether any such agreement currently exists or formerly existed and whether there have ever been any communications about such an agreement or potential agreement.<sup>3</sup>

This disclosure should be made by (i) production and filing with the Court of a copy of any writing(s) that exist or existed regarding a fee sharing agreement or potential fee sharing and (ii) oral representation on the Court record and/or a certification filed with the Court.

Dated: June 6, 2006 Respectfully submitted,

> /s/ Taras Kick By: Taras P. Kick G. James Strenio THE KICK LAW FIRM, APC 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1800 Los Angeles, California 90017 (213) 624-1588 taras@kicklawfirm.com james@kicklawfirm.com Counsel for Plaintiff **CARLOS CORRALES**

> > KANNER & WHITELEY, LLC Allan Kanner Cynthia Green 701 Camp Street New Orleans, LA 70130 (504) 524-5777 A.Kanner@kanner-law.com C.Green@kanner-law.com Counsel for Plaintiff **CARLOS CORRALES**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Disclosure of any such communications should be made because Plaintiff fears that Liaison Counsel may intentionally suddenly but only temporarily disavow an existing agreement so that he could represent to the Court that no such agreement currently exists. Such disclosure would therefore ensure disclosure of any agreement to "agree in the future" or any agreement that has been temporarily suspended.

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

In re:  M3POWER RAZOR SYSTEM  MARKETING & SALES PRACTICES	) ) CIVIL ACTION NO. 05-11177-DPW ) (LEAD CASE) ) MDL Docket No. 1704
LITIGATION	) _)
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO: ALL CASES	) ) ) _)

### DECLARATION OF TARAS P. KICK IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF CARLOS CORRALES' MOTION FOR ORDER COMPELLING DISCLOSURE OF ANY FEE ARRANGEMENTS

I, Taras Kick, hereby declare as follows:

- I am an attorney licensed to practice in the State of California, and admitted to practice before the Central District of California. I am a shareholder in The Kick Law Firm, A.P.C., who, with Kanner & Whiteley, LLC, is counsel for Plaintiff Carlos Corrales (in Case No. 05-cv-12332-DPW) in this MDL proceeding (MDL No. 1704, Master File No. 05-cv-11177-DPW). I make this declaration in support of Plaintiff Carlos Corrales' Motion For Disclosure Of Any Fee Arrangements. I make this declaration of my own personal knowledge, and would and could testify completely to the contents thereof if necessary to do so.
- Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of a letter I wrote and caused to be sent via facsimile on May 23, 2006 to Thomas Shapiro.
- Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of a letter I wrote and caused to be sent via facsimile on May 18, 2006 to Thomas Shapiro.

Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of a letter dated May 23, 4. 2006 that I received from Thomas Shapiro.

I declare under penalty of perjury, pursuant to the laws of California and the United States of America, that the above is true and correct and that this declaration was executed at Los Angeles, California on June 5, 2006.

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1800 Los Angeles, California 90017 213 624 1588 / Fax 213 624 1589

May 23, 2006

## Via U.S. Mail & Facsimile To (617) 439-0134

Thomas G. Shapiro. Esq. Shapiro Haber & Urmy LLP 53 State Street Boston, MA 02109

Re: In re M3Power Razor System Marketing & Sales Practices Litigation,

Civil Action No. 05-11177-DPW (Lead Case), MDL Docket No. 1704

#### Dear Tom:

This will confirm that you have refused to disclose to us any financial arrangements regarding fees you have with lead counsel, including any discussions you have had with them regarding fee splitting. We will proceed accordingly.

Very truly yours,

Town Kickfras

Taras Kick

cc Allan Kanner, Esq.
Gillian L. Wade, Esq.
C. Donald Amamgbo, Esq.
Reginald Terrell, Esq.
Olen Kenneth Dodd, Esq.
Edward W. Cochran, Esq.

#### THE KICK LAW FIRM

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#### FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL COVER SHEET

NUMBER OF PAGES: 2 (including cover sheet)

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FAX NUMBER: (617) 439-0134

PHONE NUMBER: (617) 439-3939

TO: SHAPIRO HABER & URMY LLP

ATTENTION: Thomas G. Shapiro, Esq.

FROM: Taras Kick

SUBJECT: In re M3 Power Razor System Marketing & Sales Litigation,

Civil Action No. 05-11177-DPW (lead Case), MDL Docket No. 1704

#### **COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS:**

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Taras Kick

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#### **COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS:**

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1800 Los Angeles, California 90017 213 624 1588 / Fax 213 624 1589

May 18, 2006

#### Via U.S. Mail & Facsimile To (617) 439-0134

Thomas G. Shapiro, Esq. Shapiro Haber & Urmy LLP 53 State Street Boston, MA 02109

Re: In re M3Power Razor System Marketing & Sales Practices Litigation,

Civil Action No. 05-11177-DPW (Lead Case), MDL Docket No. 1704

Dear Tom:

Please be so kind as to inform me immediately of any agreement, written or oral, regarding fees in this case which your firm or you have with any other firms or attorneys in this case. Please also inform me of all discussions or negotiations regarding any regarding fees in this case which your firm or you have had with any other firms or attorneys in this case.

As you know, as liaison counsel it is necessary for you to disclose this to all other counsel in the matter.

If we do not receive this information from you by Tuesday, we will file a motion with the Court on Friday to compel it. We would prefer to avoid filing such a motion.

Thank you for your attention. Do not hesitate to call me with any questions or comments.

Very truly yours

Taras Kick

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Taras Kick

SUBJECT:

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COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS:

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Theodore M. Hess-Mahan Matthew L. Tuccillo

Adam M. Stewart Robert E. Ditzion May 23, 2006

#### VIA FACSIMILE

Taras P. Kick The Kick Law Firm, APC 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1800 Los Angeles, CA 90017

> Re: Gillette

Dear Taras:

I have received your four letters all dated May 18, 2006. Letter writing campaigns such as yours are not appropriate or helpful. Therefore, let me say simply that Lead Counsel and I disagree with your positions and accusations.

Sincerely yours,

Thomas G. Shapiro

In Mayur

TGS:sg

CC: Robert Rothman (via facsimile) Ben Barnow (via facsimile)

# SHAPIRO HABER & URMY LLP

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May 23, 2006

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